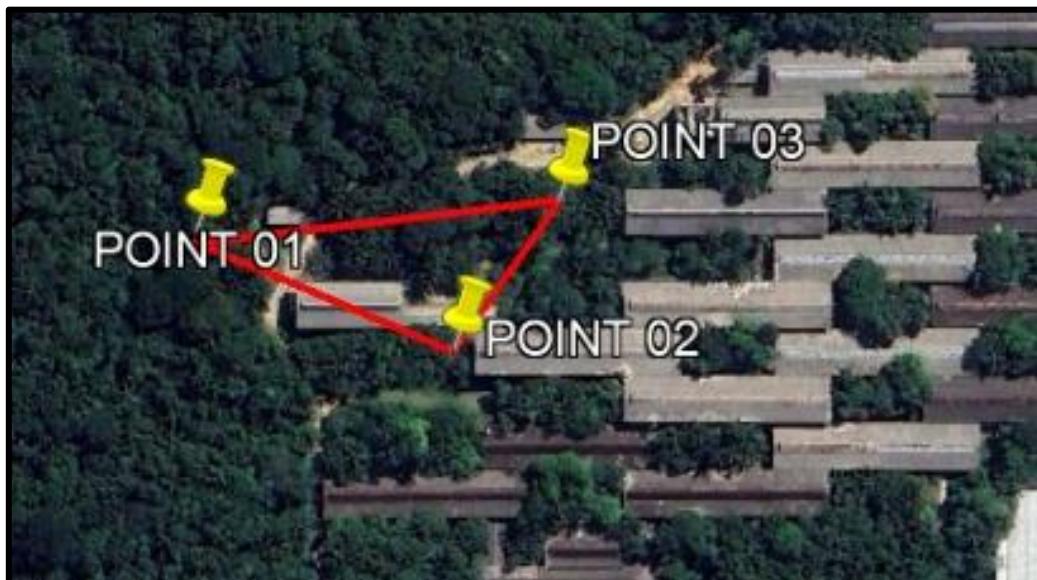


SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Potential biodiversity and antifungal activities of Amazonian actinomycetes isolated from rhizosphere of *Inga edulis* plants

Supplementary Material - SM1

Collection points within the Federal University of Amazonas Campus





STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE (SOP) FOR IMAGING SAMPLES IN THE SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPE (SEM)

1. Pre-scanning electron microscopy processing:

1.1. Samples: approximately 0.5 cm culture medium discs containing the samples were sectioned and transferred to a 24-well plate;

1.2. Fixation: fixation by submerging samples in modified Karnovsky fixative (2.5% glutaraldehyde, 2.5% paraformaldehyde in 0.2 M sodium cacodylate buffer pH 7.2) for 24 hours, at room temperature;

1.3. Washing: 4 successive washes in 0.2 M sodium cacodylate buffer pH 7.2;

1.4. Post-fixation: submersion of samples for 2 hours in a solution of 2% osmium tetroxide and 1.6% potassium ferrocyanide (1:1 ratio) in 0.2 M sodium cacodylate buffer. Post-fixation was in the dark, covering the sample with aluminum paper;

1.5. Post-fixation washing: excess osmium was washed twice with 0.2 M sodium cacodylate buffer pH 7.2;

1.6. Dehydration: after washing in buffer, the samples were dehydrated with 30%, 50%, 70%, 80%, 90% and 100% ethanol solutions, keeping the samples submerged in each of the solutions for 20 minutes (This process was repeated three times in the 100% ethanol step).

1.7. Critical point drying: after dehydration, the samples submerged in absolute ethanol were subjected to Leica EM CPD300 critical point drying for 2h with 14 cycles;

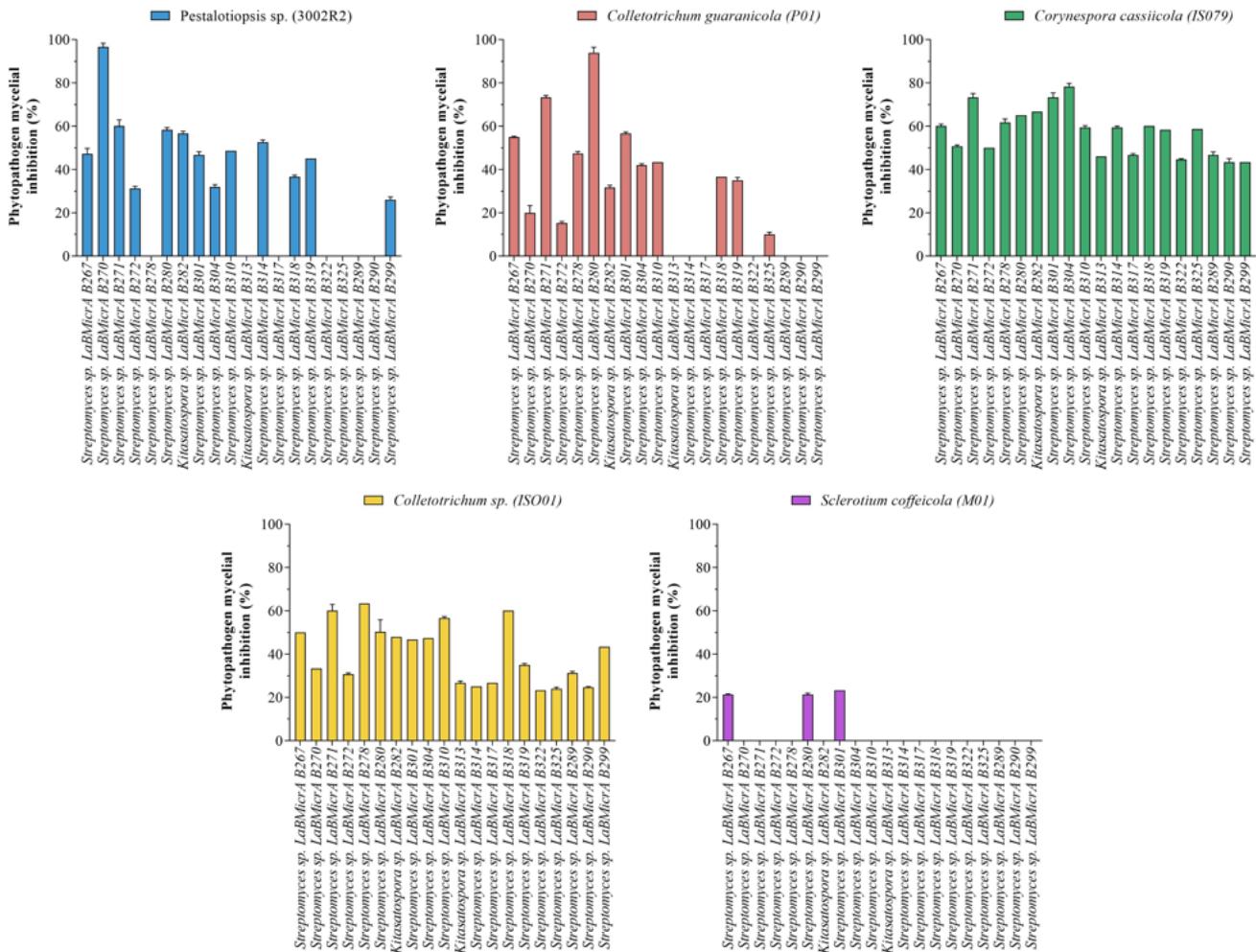
1.8. Metallization: after the processes mentioned above, the samples will be fixed on carbon tapes to the stubs and subjected to 4 minutes of metallization with gold, in the JEOL Smart Coater metalizer.

2. Analysis using the Jeol JSM-IT500HR scanning electron microscope

3. Theoretical framework: adapted from SOUZA, W. de. Electron microscopy techniques applied to Biological Sciences. Brazilian Society of Microscopy, Rio de Janeiro, 2007.

Supplementary Material – SM3

Bar graphs with standard deviation values for each test Standard Deviation.



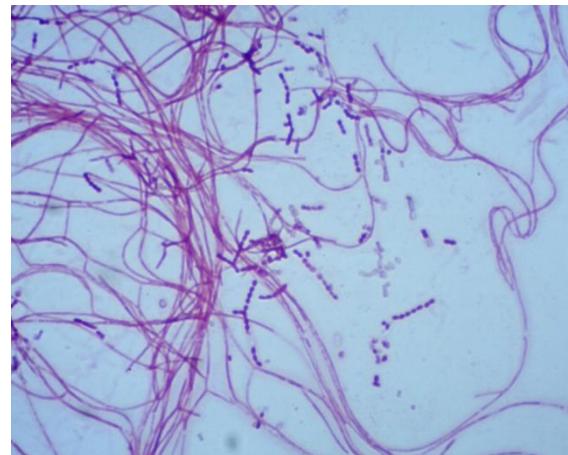
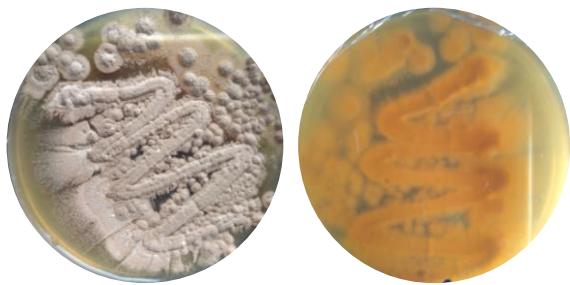
Supplementary Material – SM4

GenBank/NCBI accession codes and macromorphologies and micromorphologies of the selected strains. Macro- and micromorphological characteristics of strains with outstanding antifungal activities. Microcultures visualized under an optical microscope (Carl Zeiss) coupled to the Zen Photo/Image program (AxioCamER-Zen lite 2012), using a 100x objective and 0.5 μm scale.

Isolated strains	Code GenBank/NCBI	Morphology
<i>Streptomyces</i> sp. LaBMicrA B267	OR724644	
<i>Streptomyces</i> sp. LaBMicrA B270		

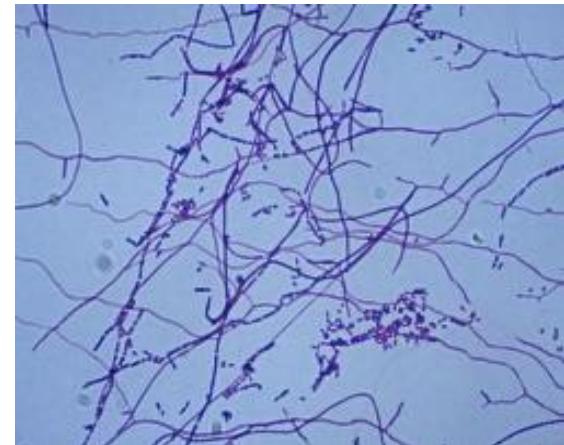
Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B271

OR724661



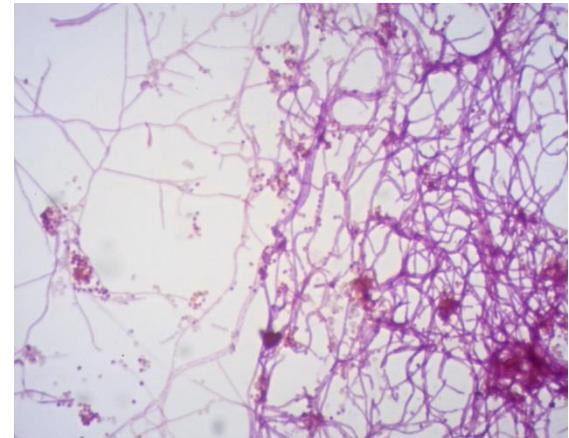
Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B272

OR725986

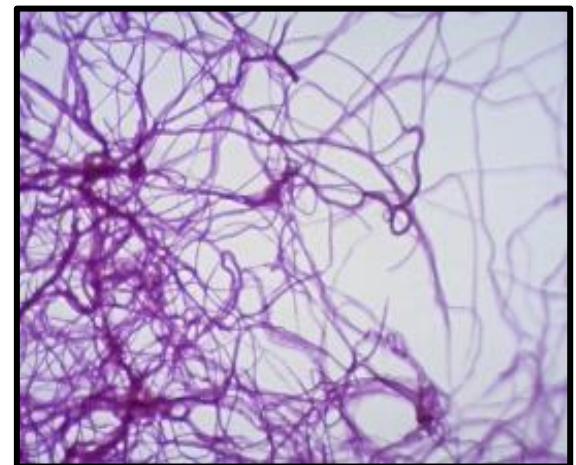


Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B278

OR724700

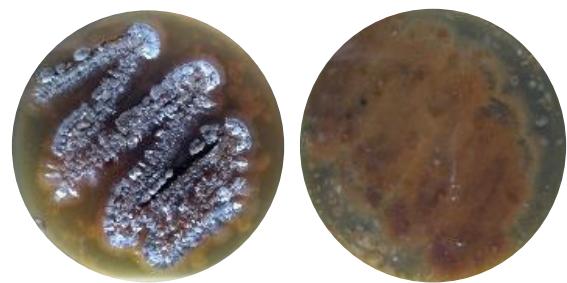


Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B280



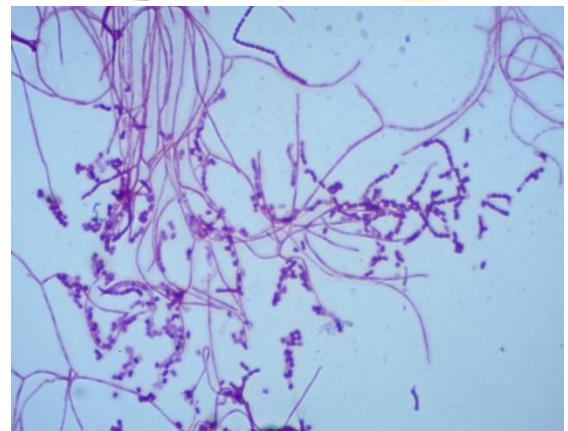
Kitasatospora sp. LaBMicrA
B282

OR725990



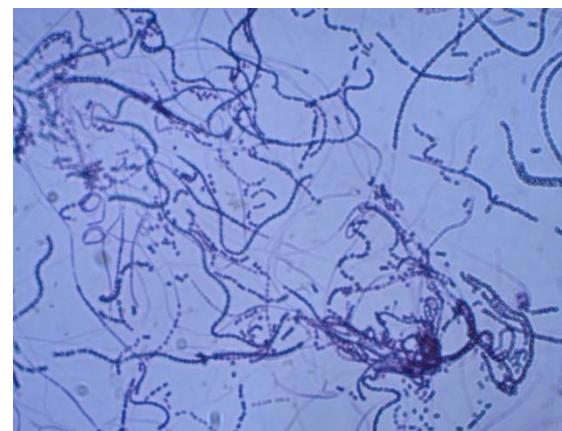
Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B301

OR724719



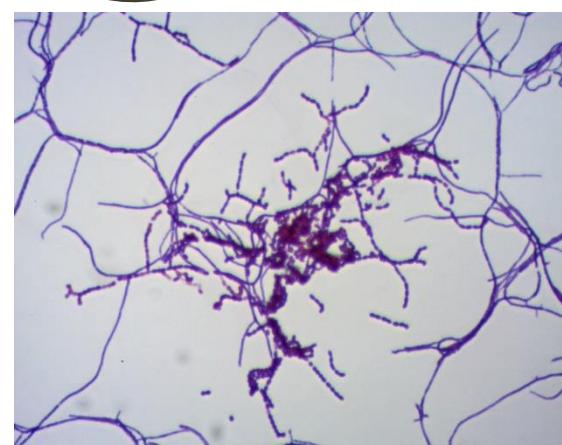
Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B304

OR725980



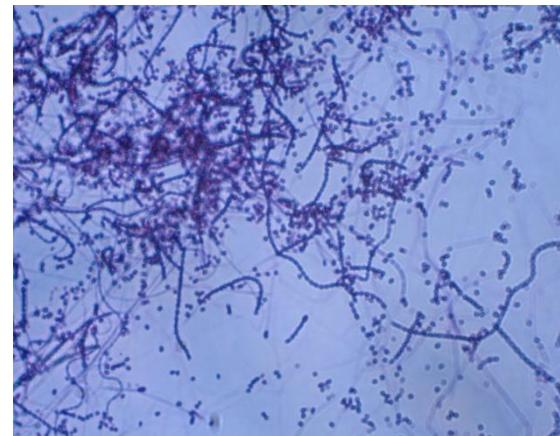
Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B310

OR726013



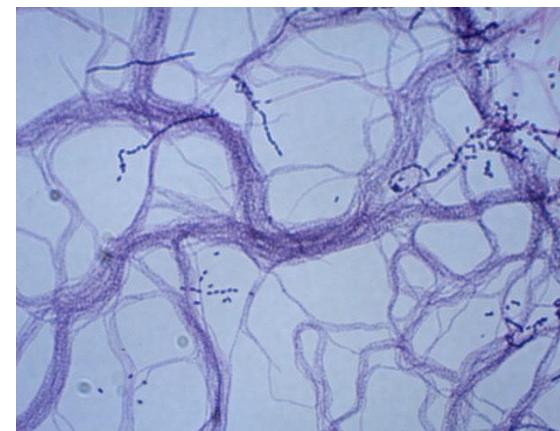
Kitasatospora sp. LaBMicrA
B313

OR726028



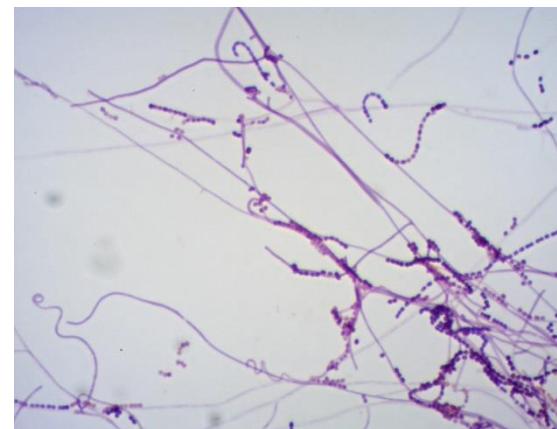
Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B314

OR726569



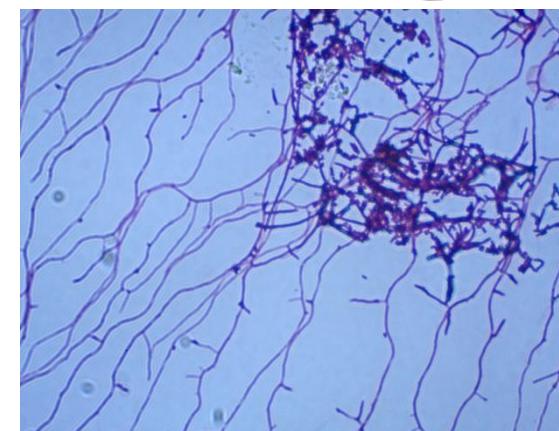
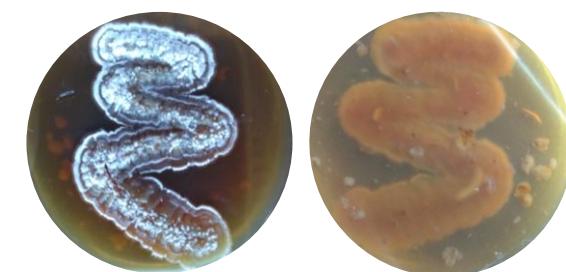
Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B317

OR733339



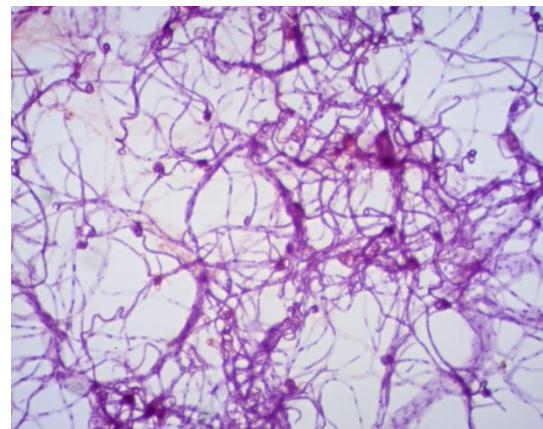
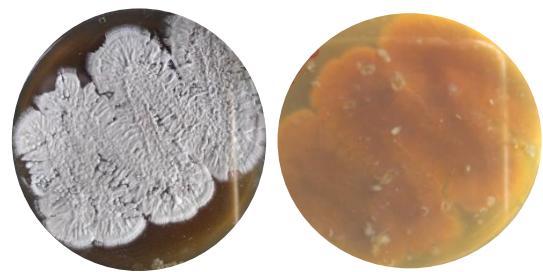
Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B318

OR730983



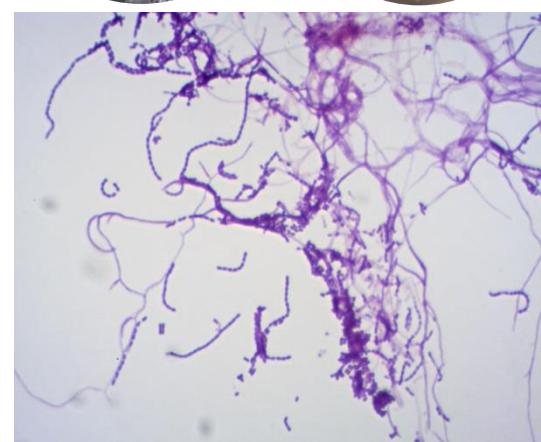
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B319

OR730984



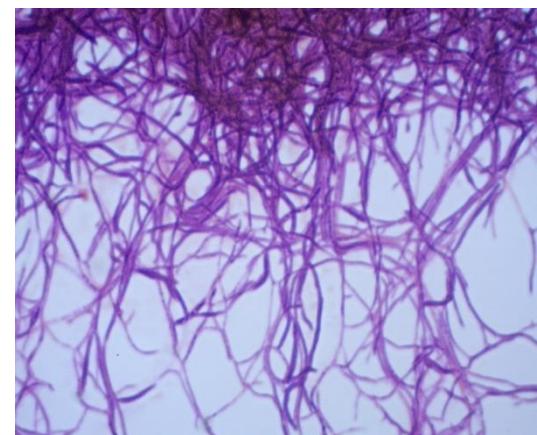
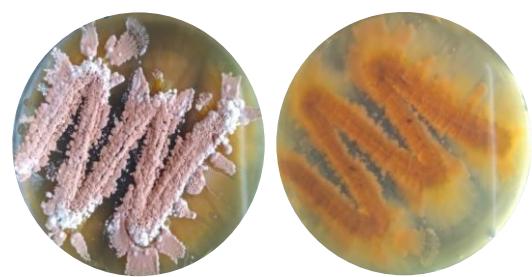
Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B322

OR730985



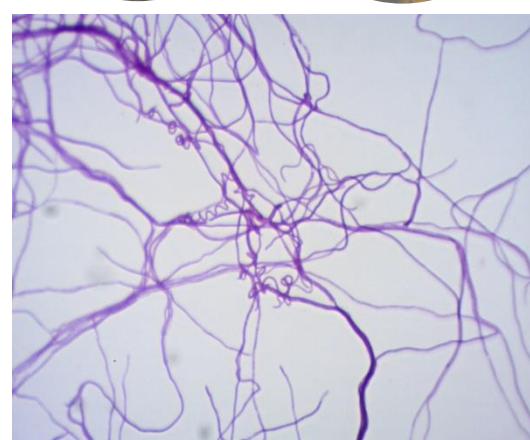
Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B325

OR730986



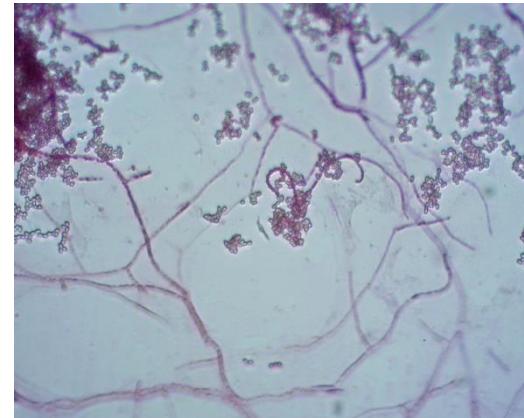
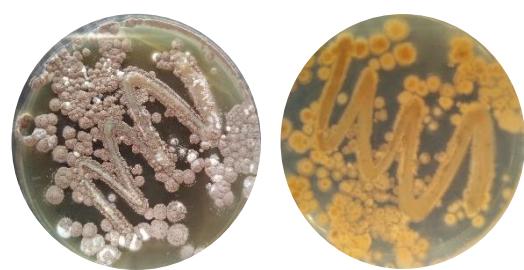
Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B289

OR733333



Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B290

OR733337



Streptomyces sp. LaBMicrA
B299

OR734917



